Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Vernon Park Primary School
Number of pupils in school	330
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	26.4%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2024/2025 to 2026/2027
Date this statement was published	November 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	2025,2026,2027
Statement authorised by	Claire Lee, Head Teacher
Pupil premium lead	Matthew Pattison,

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£107,670.00
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£13,842.00
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter $\pounds 0$ if not applicable)	£5,300.00
Total budget for this academic year	£126,812.33

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Our aim is for every pupil, regardless of their background or the challenges they encounter, to make significant progress, maintain positive mental wellbeing, and strive for excellence across all subject areas. Our pupil premium strategy is specifically designed to support disadvantaged pupils in achieving this vision, while also ensuring that high-attaining students continue to progress.

We recognize the unique challenges faced by vulnerable pupils, including those with social workers and young carers. The activities outlined in this statement are intended to address their needs comprehensively, regardless of their disadvantage status.

At the heart of our approach is quality first teaching, tailored to meet each pupil's individual needs, particularly in areas where disadvantaged pupils require the most support. Research indicates that this method has the most substantial impact on closing the attainment gap, while simultaneously benefiting non-disadvantaged pupils.

Our strategy is designed to be responsive to the diverse challenges and individual needs of our students, grounded in thorough diagnostic assessments rather than assumptions about the effects of disadvantage. We have adopted a range of complementary approaches to help all pupils excel. To ensure effectiveness, we will:

Challenge Disadvantaged Pupils: Set demanding tasks that promote critical thinking and resilience.

Act Early: Provide timely support as soon as needs are identified.

Foster a Whole-School Responsibility: Encourage all staff to take ownership of outcomes for disadvantaged pupils, raising expectations for what they can achieve.

Promote a Positive Mindset: Cultivate a positive attitude towards achievement among disadvantaged children.

By working together and focusing on these key areas, we are committed to ensuring that all pupils thrive and reach their full potential.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils suggest disadvantaged pupils generally have greater difficulties with their social, emotional and mental health needs. This negatively influences their academic development and progress.
2	Internal and external (where appropriate) assessments indicate that baseline entry to Nursery is significantly lower among disadvantaged pupils than that of non-disadvantaged pupils in all areas of learning. Furthermore, assess- ments indicate that GLD , Phonics & KS1 attainment are significantly lower among disadvantaged pupils than that of non-disadvantaged pupils.
3	Our assessments and observations show underdeveloped oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among many disadvantaged pupils. These are evident from entry to EYFS through to KS2 and in general, are more prevalent among our disadvantaged pupils than their peers.
4	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils and families show limited access to rich and varied texts and experiences . This negatively affects their development as readers and writers.
5	Although the school closures during the Covid-19 pandemic are now part of our recent history, the impact of those missed months of learning continues to affect our disadvantaged pupils today . This is evident in significant knowledge gaps, particularly in writing, where many pupils are still falling behind age-related expectations. These findings are consistent with national studies and are supported by our ongoing assessments and observations, which highlight the continued need for targeted support to bridge these gaps.
6	Our attendance data over recent years indicates that attendance among dis- advantaged pupils has been between 5 - 10% lower than for non-disadvan- taged pupils. Our assessments and observations indicate that absenteeism is negatively impacting disadvantaged pupils' progress.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
To achieve and sustain improved wellbeing for all pupils in our school, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	 Social and emotional needs are met in school and more complex needs are referred to outside agencies. Sustained high levels of wellbeing demonstrated by: qualitative data from student voice, student and parent surveys and teacher observations a significant reduction in negative behaviour.
To close the gap between disadvantaged pupils and their peers especially in oral language skills and vocabulary and to close the gaps caused by partial school closures	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils and targeted children make expected / exceeding rates of progress as identified in progress data. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in lessons, book scrutiny and ongoing formative assessment.
Children with additional and multiple barriers to learning identified, monitored regularly and information shared with all appropriate staff.	Children with multiple barriers to learning access high quality support both in-school and from external agencies. Early SEND intervention in EYFS will result in more PP children with SEND achieving the GLD by the end of EYFS. Children eligible for the PP with multiple barriers to learning will make at least expected progress during the academic year and in some cases accelerated progress.
To achieve and sustain improved attendance for all pupils, particularly our disadvantaged pupils.	Pupil Premium attendance is in line with non-pupil premium attendance and at least meets the target of 95 %. The number of pupil premium pupils with attendance below 90% (persistent absentees) is reduced.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Close tracking of acquisition of non- negotiables, Staff will have clear understand- ing of gaps in each PP child's knowledge and the cause of these gaps. Staff will use information from previous teacher to identify gaps and causes. PP chil- dren prioritised for interven- tions.	The best available evidence indicates that great teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment. Ensuring every teacher is supported in delivering high- quality teaching, appropriately adapted, is essential to achieving the best outcomes for all pupils, particularly the most disadvantaged among them. <u>Quality First Teaching / Education Endowment</u> <u>Foundation/ EEF</u>	3, 4, 5, 6
Embedding dialogic activi- ties across the school cur- riculum. These can support pupils to articulate key ideas, consolidate under- standing and extend vo- cabulary. (e.g. Reasoning activities, metacognition re- flection questions)	There is a strong evidence base that suggests oral language interventions, including dialogic activities such as high-quality classroom discus- sion, are inexpensive to implement with high impacts on reading: <u>Oral language interventions Toolkit Strand </u> <u>Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	2, 3
Continuous embedding of school-wide initiatives to support teaching and learn- ing in all subjects including the embedding of vocabu- lary (literacy, topic and sci- entific vocabulary) and en- sure cohesion and parity across the school. Whole school approached include: Adaptive Teaching, Word Aware (Vocabulary);	Oral language interventions can have a positive impact on pupils' language skills. Approaches that focus on speaking, listening and a combination of the two show positive impacts on attainment: Oral language interventions EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk) There is some evidence that collaborative learning approaches may benefit those with low prior attainment by providing opportunities for pupils to work with peers to articulate their thinking, share knowledge and skills and	2, 3, 4, 5, 6

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Whole Class Guided Read- ing (Reading); White Rose (Maths); DEAL (drama); Kagan (Cooperative learn- ing); Growth Mind-sets and Metacognition; and focus- ing on the vocabulary linked to history and geog- raphy learning suggested in our scheme of work. Ma- katon is also used across the school to support com- munication.	address misconceptions through peer support and discussion. <u>Collaborative Learning / Education Endowment</u> <u>Foundation/ EEF</u> The best available evidence indicates that great teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment. Ensuring every teacher is supported in delivering high- quality teaching is essential to achieving the best outcomes for all pupils, particularly the most disadvantaged among them. <u>Quality First Teaching / Education Endowment</u> <u>Foundation/ EEF</u>	
Regularly monitor and eval- uate phonics provision, pro- moting high standards in at- tainment and progress through quality first teach- ing, booster groups and 1-1 interventions in RWI.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils: <u>Phonics Toolkit Strand Education</u> <u>Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	2

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
FFT Lightning Squad intervention offering bespoke, targeted support, responding to children's needs. Intervention records to be kept and maintained by all staff. Children with additional/multiple barriers to learning to take priority in these interventions.	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling be- hind, both one-to-one: <u>One to one tuition EEF (educationendow- mentfoundation.org.uk)</u> And in small groups: <u>Small group tuition Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	1,2,3,4,5,
Whole school maintain Phonics, Reading (fluency and comprehension) as a fo- cus and priority for all chil- dren at all attainment points. Accelerated reader is used for those children who read at greater than 11 years in our Salford Reading assess- ment. Accelerated Reader enable children to read books of their choice within a range and their under- standing is then challenged with a comprehension quiz.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils: <u>Phonics Toolkit Strand Education</u> <u>Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	2, 4

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Reading bingo, weekly school library visits to further embed reading for pleasure and pro- mote a love of reading across the school. Reading Ambassadors are chosen from each year group to take part in a range of activi- ties to promote a love of reading across the whole school (newsletters, book recommenda- tions, staff interviews, etc) Literacy Focus days (Super Learning Day/World Book Day/Poetry Day) are car- ried out throughout the year to promote reading for pleasure and to expose the chil- dren to a range of authors and books in an engaging and memorable way. Parents and carers are invited in to school each week to read for pleasure with their children.	A growing number of studies show that promoting reading can have a major impact on children and adults and their future and significant benefits not just on all areas of academic life, but life outside of school too. <u>Reading For Pleasure/</u> <u>Education Standards</u> <u>Research Team/ DfE</u>	2, 3, 4
Pastoral Manager and HT closely monitor at- tendance and offer support in line with the Attendance Policy and the DfE's <u>Improving</u> <u>School Attendance</u> advice. Close links with the LA EWO to support im- proving low attendance. HT and PM attend LA attendance network meetings for up to date information and strategies. Top Table reintroduced at request of school council for those children meeting 95% at- tendance or above for the week.	The DfE guidance has been informed by engagement with schools that have significantly reduced levels of absence and persistent absence.	6
Focus of positive mental health strategies and wellbeing in Circle work, values assemblies, thrive time and PSHE sessions. Continued	There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with	1

monitoring and support of PP children social emotional, mental health and wellbeing. Wake up shake up and Smile For A Mile is used at the start of each day as a fun dance/work out activity to enable children to start the day feeling energised and ready to learn. Exercise also has strong links to a posi- tive mental wellbeing Wellbeing assessments (Leuven Scale) take place throughout the school year to monitor and support the wellbeing of children within school.	improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers): <u>Improving Social and emotional learning/ Guidance</u> <u>Report/ EEF</u>	
Forest School sessions to give children access to rich and varied experiences as well as de- velop social skills and emotional wellbeing. Information on disadvantaged children is shared with Forest school leaders to allow them to carry out more focussed support and intervention during sessions. Outdoor water sports sessions give children access to rich and varied experiences as well as develop physical skills, social skills and emotional wellbeing.	Forest Schools offer a unique educational experience using the outdoor environment of the forest as a classroom. These experiences have a positive impact on factors such as confidence, social skills, communication, motivation, knowledge and understanding. <u>Forest Schools/ Impact On</u> <u>Young Children/ Publications</u> and Research	1, 4, 6
Ensure standards in RWI are consistent by: releasing RWI staff to observe best practise and RWI lead to observe and support to en- sure best practise; providing RWI training for all new EYFS & KS1 Staff; and continuing in- tervention for children in KS2 who have not passed Phonics Screening.	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils: <u>Phonics Toolkit Strand </u> <u>Education Endowment</u> <u>Foundation EEF</u>	2

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Reviewed September 2024

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2023 to 2024 academic year.

School Profile prepared by the BI Spatial Team at Stockport Council

"There are 302 pupils on roll at this school, excluding subsidiary and nursery. 115 of these pupils live in the most deprived areas nationally (top 25%). 38.1% of pupils at this school live in the most deprived areas. This compares to the LA average of 23.3% and the primary school average of 22.3%. In comparison to the other 85 primary schools in Stockport the school is ranked 23 (where 1 represents the highest percentage of pupils living in the 25% most deprived areas)."

"The school has 74 pupils entitled to Free School Meals (FSM). In comparison to the other 85 primary schools in Stockport the school is ranked 29 (where 1 represents the highest percentage of pupils entitled to FSM)"

Wellbeing:

The Pupil Premium Barriers to Learning sheets remain an invaluable tool for efficiently identifying trends and supporting staff to address challenges. The move to an online system continues to streamline the process. Alongside this, the Leuven scale is still being used to monitor child wellbeing, complemented by daily check-ins, circle work, PSHE lessons, and restorative conversations (RAs). We have maintained a strong emphasis on promoting wellbeing through themed discos, fairs, and other activities, which have been positively received by pupils and families.

Assessment:

Internal assessments for the 2023-2024 academic year showed that 30.8% of Pupil Premium children achieved Met or above in Reading, Writing, and Maths at the end of KS2, compared to 40.6% of non-Pupil Premium children. This reflects a gap of 9.8%. While the overall trend demonstrates progress, particularly in writing and vocabulary development, the data underscores the importance of continuing targeted interventions to narrow the attainment gap further.

Vocabulary:

The whole-school initiative to enhance vocabulary has continued into this academic year, with strong implementation across KS1 and KS2. Staff feedback highlights ongoing improvements in written vocabulary. The Lightning Squad intervention sessions have remained an effective tool for boosting reading levels and comprehension confidence in Pupil Premium children and others requiring additional support.

Forest School:

Forest School sessions remain a cornerstone of our strategy, offering a range of enriching experiences for all pupils. Pupil Premium children have continued to benefit significantly, as regular observations by Forest School leads demonstrate growth in wellbeing, confidence, and engagement during sessions

Attendance:

Attendance for Pupil Premium children in 2023-2024 stands at 90%, compared to 88.5% in the previous year. While there have been successes in this area, improving attendance is still key focus and requires further improvement. To address this, we have introduced new incentives and plans, aiming to re-engage children and families to ensure regular school attendance and maximise learning opportunities.