

Online safety at home:

parents and carers newsletter

October 2023

National data and feedback from our own school pupil voice, shows that the majority of children are spending a significant amount of time online doing their school work, playing games or watching videos. Technology is hugely valuable for education, as well as a way to keep in touch with friends and family. However it's important we all consider how we can support children's online safety during this lockdown, and always. Following our recent parent workshop with Tanya Cross, here's some information about what your child may enjoy online and what you can do to help keep them safer (please view the online version for hyperlinks):

Sharing pictures

Using devices like phones and Children love to watch videos and tablets to share pictures and videos can be a great way for children to have fun and stay in touch with friends and family. you first.

Read younger children sharing pictures or videos online for more to support safer sharing.

Watching videos

YouTube is always a firm favourite! But sometimes children can be exposed to videos that are not meant for them. YouTube Kids is a It's really important your child safer way for children to explore knows what's ok to share online their interests, however it is still and what they should check with important to monitor the content! You can find more information about this on YouTube: what parents need to know.

information on the risks and how Remember, primary-age children should be supervised at all times when online.

More information?

Thinkuknow is the education programme from the National Crime Agency's Child Protection Command CEOP (NCA-CEOP) whose aim is to protect children and young people from sexual abuse online.

For more information, advice and quidance, visit their parents website and download their home activity worksheets for fun, online safety activities to do with your family.

Steps you can take to help keep your child safer online

Parental controls: Parental controls have been designed to help you manage your child's online activities. There are various types, some of which are free but others which can be bought. However, nothing is totally fool proof so this shouldn't replace the support and guidance you give your child to help keep them safer. For more information and step by step instructions on setting up parental controls, visit Parental Controls & Privacy Settings Guides - Internet Matters. We will be sharing app guidance each half term to help with this monitoring at home – please keep a close eye on the website and Class Dojo pages.

Supervise their online activity: Keep the devices your child uses in communal areas of the house such as the living room or kitchen, where an adult is able to supervise. Primary-age children should not access the internet in private spaces alone, such as in a bedroom or bathroom.

Explore together and chat little and often: Ask your child to show you their favourite apps, games and sites and encourage them to teach you how to use these. Ask them if anything ever worries them online. Make sure they know they won't be in trouble and can get help by talking to you or another adult they trust if anything happens online that makes them feel worried, sad or scared.

Watching videos

From animals doing funny things, slime-making and gameto tutorials, the internet has lots of fun videos for children to enjoy. But the amount and availability of content online means that children may see something inappropriate.

To understand what type of content might not be suitable and advice on how to help your child watch safely, watch this short <u>video quide</u>.

The internet is a public and open Children love to watch videos and for adults.

something inappropriate online amongst or what to do <u>if they already</u> have.

space where anyone can post YouTube is always a firm favourite! and share content. This can be But sometimes children can be fun and entertaining for children, exposed to videos that are not but it does mean your child may meant for them. <u>YouTube Kids</u> is a see something that is intended safer way for children to explore their interests, although be aware – sometimes children will navigate Find out what to do if <u>you're</u> away from chosen videos or worried your child might see harmful content may be hidden seemingly innocuous content. You can find more information about this on YouTube: what parents need to know.

> Remember, primary-age children should be supervised at all times when online.

Online gaming

Online games are social activities, and most have features that allow children to chat with others whilst they play. It is important to supervise children while they use this facility and have open discussions about language expectations!

For information about the positives of gaming, the risks of in-game chat and measures you can take to help protect them, watch this short video: In-game chat: a quide for parents and carers.

The PEGI (Pan European Game Information) rating system can be a useful tool to help you decide what online games are appropriate for your child.

For more information on the PEGI system and other factors to consider before deciding what's suitable, read Gaming: what's appropriate for your child

It is essential that children know the people they are gaming with — have you had a discussion about privacy settings before you let your child use this setting.

Gaming is popular with both children and adults and can help to make people feel connected. If your child is gaming, you may have some questions about how to keep them safer. If so, check out - gaming: what parents need to know.

For a quide on the apps, sites and games your child might enjoy, visit: <u>Net Aware</u>.

Chatting, being kind and making friends online

Primary-age children may not have previously had much experience with video chatting apps such as zoom, FaceTime and Skype, but may well be using them now for education or to keep in touch with family and friends.

To make sure your child has a positive experience video chatting online, read this <u>guide for parents</u> and carers

The internet has many positive opportunities for children to learn and play, but it can also be used in negative and unkind ways.

It's really important to speak to your child about being kind online, and how they can get help if they see or hear anything that makes them feel worried, scared or sad. Use these <u>conversation</u> <u>starters</u> to help your child understand the importance of being kind online.

The term 'online friend' can be used to describe people you through only know the internet, or those that you also know offline. Some children make friends online by meeting new people through online platforms such as gaming the sites. Be clear on boundaries you would like your child to respect.

To help children have positive online friendships, read this <u>handy guide</u>.

Sharing information, pictures and videos

It's can be hard to stay connected with our friends and family, and since the global pandemic, you may be sharing more images and videos of your children online via social media. But before you do, there are some important things to consider.

Read <u>sharing pictures of your</u> <u>children</u> for info on how to protect your younger, or older child whilst staying social. Using devices like phones and tablets to share pictures and videos can be a fun way for children to have fun and stay in touch with friends and family online. It's really important your child knows what's ok to share online and what they should check with you first.

Read <u>younger children sharing</u> <u>pictures or videos online</u> for more information on the risks and how to support safer sharing. Personal information is any information that can be used to identify your child. Sharing personal information online is easy and sometimes children, like adults, might share more online than they would offline, which can be risky.

Read <u>your child's personal</u> <u>information and how to protect it</u> <u>online</u> for information and advice.

Steps you can take to help keep your child safer online

Parental controls: Parental controls have been designed to help you manage your child's online activities. There are various types, some of which are free but others which can be bought. However, nothing is totally fool proof so they shouldn't replace the need for you to support and advise your child using the internet. For more information and step by step instructions on setting up parental controls, visit <u>Parental Controls & Privacy</u> <u>Settings Guides - Internet Matters.</u>

Supervise their online activity: Keep the devices your child uses in communal areas of the house such as the living room or kitchen, where an adult is able to supervise. Primary-age children should not access the internet in private spaces alone, such as in a bedroom or bathroom.

Explore together and chat little and often: Ask your child to show you their favourite apps, games and sites and encourage them to teach you how to use these. Ask them if anything ever worries them online. Make sure they know they won't be in trouble and can get help by talking to you or another adult they trust if anything happens online that makes them feel worried, sad or scared.

Make sure they know where to go for support: Remind your child they can always speak to you or an adult they trust if anything happens online that makes them feel worried or upset. For a breakdown of report services, visit: <u>Supporting your child with reporting unwanted content online</u>

Take a look at Thinkuknow: Thinkuknow is the national online safety education programme from the National Crime Agency. Thinkuknow offers learning activities, advice and support for children and young people aged 4-18 and their families. The <u>Jessie & Friends animations</u> for 4 to 7s will help you start a conversation about online safety and for 8-10's, there's the <u>Play Like Share animations</u> and the <u>Band</u> <u>Runner game and advice website</u>.

Help your child identify trusted adults who can help them if they are worried: This includes you and other adults at home, as well as adults from wider family, school or other support services who they are able to contact at this time. Encourage them to draw a picture or write a list of their trusted adults.

Talk about how their online actions affect others: If your child is engaging with others online, remind them to consider how someone else might feel before they post or share something. If they are considering sharing a photo/video of somebody else, they should always ask permission first.

Use 'SafeSearch': Most web search engines will have a 'SafeSearch' function, which will allow you to limit the content your child can access whilst online. Look out for the 'Settings' button on your web browser homepage, which is often shaped like a small cog.

Visit Thinkuknow.co.uk/parents for more information on keeping your child safer online.



Further links to explore...

https://www.internetmatters.org/resources/esafety-leafletsresources/ https://www.internetmatters.org/parental-controls https://www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/online-safety/ https://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/parents/ https://www.thinkuknow.co.uk/parents/home-activityworksheets/ https://www.internetmatters.org/advice/ https://www.vodafone.co.uk/mobile/digital-parenting

Parental comments following the Online Safety in-person Workshop

"An excellent presentation which gave me lots to think about. I will be checking our security / privacy settings again!"

"Very informative with lots of relative information. Thank you."

"Clear coverage of how widespread social media / chatrooms etc are and how accessible they are in different formats. Good list of extra resources."

"This session was informative (an eyeopener!). More sessions like this are to be encouraged."

If you would be interested in attending a repeat of this workshop or would like further advice in this area, please get in touch via email <u>admin@vernonpark.stockport.sch.uk</u>; by phoning the school office on 01614804378 or by speaking to Mrs Lee, Miss Green or Miss Brough in person either during a parent drop in or at the school gate.